# Appendix VIII Guided Clinical Interview and Assessment

# **Assessment Of Adults With Visual Impairment**

Assessment Guide To Accompany "Neuropsychological Assessment Of Adults With Visual Impairment" By John T. Gallagher, Katherine A. Burnham, & Brian Syzdek

Examinee:

**Examiner:** 

**Highest Grade Completed** 

**Examinee Age:** 

Date/Time:

**DIRECTIONS:** Complete assessment with examinee during interview, based on clinical history, observational data, and informant information.

Testing Conditions (Quiet, Light adjusted to examinee's needs, Orient examinee to room, Table with chairs)

Materials (Assessments, Visual aids, Appropriately-printed material, Braille material, Blindfold, Guide dog accommodations)

Notes about Testing Conditions or Materials-

Referral Question (including referral source)-

#### **Assessment Plan**

I. Initial Assessments/Areas to Assess-

II. Secondary Assessments/Areas-

II) Observations (Natural Behavior, Eye Movements, Extraneous Movements, Emotional Response, Other Senses, Post-Assessment Observations)-



#### **Observations**

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
	Orients to voice		
Natural Behavior	Looks at speaker		
	Uses cane		
	Negotiates obstacles		
	Walks independently		
	Gropes with hands		
	Abnormalities		
	Uses hands together		
	Nystagmus		
Eye Movements	Able to track objects		
	Conjugate gaze		
	Eyes do not tire over time		
	Rocking		
Extraneous Movements	Touching eyes often		
	Grimacing		
	Tics		
	Hand Flapping		
Emotional Response	Remains motivated		
	Possesses frustration tolerance		
	Explores environment		
Other Senses			
A) Hearing	No history of hearing impairments		
B) Speech	Can repeat words ("specific, statistics, pomegranate")		
Post-Assessment	Finds way out of testing area		
	Able to eat		
	Interacts with others		

#### Interview

(Developmental History, Perception of Sight-Loss, Medical History, Educational & Occupational History, Mental Health History, Current Functioning)-



Interview

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Developmental History	Sees anything		
	Sees light/dark		
	Sees shadows		
	Sees figures		
	Sees colors		
	Reads print		
	Gropes with hands		
	Recognizes faces		
Perception of Sight-Loss	Born Blind		
	No excessive loss of friends		
	Family reaction to loss of sight reasonable		
	Appropriately indulged by others		
Other Medical History	Head injuries		
	Neurologic Illnesses		
	High fevers		
	Seizures		
	Past medications		
	Current medications		
	Diabetes		
	Substance use		
	Allergic Reactions		
Health Behaviors	Exercises		
	Explores environment		
Educational History	Braille reader		
	Nemeth system		
	Computer literate		
	Uses adaptive systems		
Work Hisgtory	Past employment		
	Current employment		
	Volunteer work		
	Training		
Mental Health History	Diagnosis		
	Mental Health treatment		
	Self-harm		
Current Functioning	Receiving current training		
	No sleep difficulties		
	No eating difficulties		



#### **Visual Perception**

Collateral Reports- (Source, Summary)-

#### **Visual Screening**

Acuity (enter level)-

Peripheral Vision (degrees)-

Colorblindness (list colors unable to see)-

#### **Recognition and Discernment**

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Perception	No illusory contours		
	Recognizes visual stimuli		
	Can draw		
	Assembles guided by vision		
Saccadic movements	Can look back and forth		
	Can see objects on right		
	Can see objects on left		
	Eyes can converge		
	Pupils respond to light		
	Can detect motion		

#### V) Other Sensory Information

Hearing (Auditory Discrimination, Speech Articulation), Touch (Able to read Braille), Olfactory, Balance-



#### **Sensory Information**

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Hearing	Hears fingers rubbed (right)		
	Hears fingers rubbed (left)		
	Hears voices in presence of back- ground noise		
	Assembles guided by vision		
Speech Articulation	No excessive phonetic errors		
	Can discern similar words		
Touch	Can detect letters written on hand		
	Detects missing parts		
	Finds matching items		
	Reads standard Braille		
	Reads jumbo Braille		
Olfactory	Discriminates between smells		
Balance	Can stand on one foot (right)		
	Can stand on one foot (left)		
	Can stand with feet together		
	Walks straight line		
	No complaints of dizziness		

# VI) Intelligence Testing

Verbal-

#### Performance-

#### Intelligence Testing

Domain	Tests Given	Score/Cl	Percentile	Strength/Weakness
Verbal				
Performance				



#### VII) Speech and Language

(Auditory Perception, Speech Articulation, Language, Vocabulary, Word Fluency, Word Finding, Lateralization of Language, Verbal Comprehension)-

#### Speech and Language

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Auditory Perception	Discerns similar words		
	Able to reproduce sounds		
	Able to reproduce words		
Speech Articulation	Stuttering		
	Perseverative speech		
	Echolalia		
	Palilalia		
Vocabulary	Grade level knowledge of vocabulary		
	Able to define vocabulary		
	Able to use vocabulary		
Word Fluency	Generates words in given category		
	No discrepancy between semantic, phonemic, & category fluency		
Word Finding	Able to name objects presented		
Lateralization	Able to understand words presented in right ear		
	Able to understand words presented in left ear		
Comprehension	Follows one step instructions		
	Follows multiple step instructions		
	Grade level grammar		

#### VIII) Verbal Learning & Memory

(Associative Learning, Digit Memory, Narrative Memory, List Learning, Incidental Memory, Long Term Memory)-

#### Verbal Learning & Memory

Domain	Metric	Score	Strength/Weakness
Associate Learning	Number of pairs learned		
Digit Memory	Number of digits memorized forward		
	Number of digits memorized backward		
Narrative Memory	Percent of narrative story able to recall		
List Learning	Percent of items able to be recalled from a list initially		
	Percent of items able to be recalled from a list after rehearsal		
	Percent of items able to be recalled from a list after interference		
Incidental Memory	Percent of items recalled from list after delay		
Long-Term Memory	Percent of facts recalled about distant events		



#### IX) Episodic Memory

(Amnesia, Episodic Memory, Prospective Memory, Autobiographical Memory)-

#### **Episodic Memory**

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Amnesia	Anterograde amnesia		
	Retrograde amnesia		
Episodic Memory	Can recall activities from previous day		
	Can recall number of tests in assessment battery		
Prospective Memory	Can remember cued future tasks		
	Can remember uncued future tasks		
Autobiographical Memory	Can remember historical personal facts		

# X) Tactile Discrimination

(Ability to Learn Braille, Able to Sort by Size)-

#### **Tactile Discrimination**

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Tactile Discrimination	Discriminates shapes		
(Indicate Differences between	Discriminates pressure		
right & Left hands)	Discriminates temperature		
	Discriminates texture		
	Discriminates pain		
Ability to Learn Braille	Discerns between 1 or 2 points of paperclip (small)		
	Discerns between 1 or 2 points of paperclip (large)		
	Able to identify numbers written on fingertips		
Able to Sort by Size	Able to sort coins of different sizes		
	Able to sort objects by size		



#### **XI) Spatial Ability**

(Directions, Position in Space, Exploration, Tactual Formboard Test, Parts & Whole)-

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Directions	Discerns up, down, left, right		
	Discerns compass directions		
Position in Space	Able to recognize relationship to objects (small space)		
	Able to recognize relationship to objects (large space)		
Exploration	Explores environment (nearby)		
	Explores environment (distant)		
	Able to sort objects by size		
Tactual Formboard Test	Uses strategy		
	Able to rotate piece		
	Able to accommodate rotated board		
Parts and Whole	Able to recognize missing parts		
	Able to disassemble and reassemble		

# Spatial Ability

#### XII) Spatial Learning & Memory

(Patterns, Retrieval, Problem Solving)-

#### **Spatial Learning & Memory**

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Spatial Learning & Memory	Able to recognize and replicate patterns		
	Searches entire area		
Retrieval	Able to find object set down again		
Problem Solving	Able to articulate search strategy		
	Able to reproduce patterns		

#### XIII) Spatial Distortion

(Side dominance, Visual Field Dominance, Searching of Areas)-

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Neglects One Side of Body	Searches both sides for an object		
	Reaches far enough on one side		
	Doesn't bump into objects (e.g. door) on one side		
Pattern of Search Test			
Domain	Metric	Score	Strength/Weakness



Thoroughness of Search	Percent of grids searched		
	Average number of times each grid searched		
Search Strategy	Search Strategy Number of times deviated from methodical search		
Missed areas			
Tactual Formboard Test			
Domain	Metric	Score	Strength/Weakness

Domain	Metric	Score	Strength/Weakness
Side dominance	dominance Percent of shapes placed on one side compared to other (specify dominant side)		
	Percent of shapes placed in front compared to back (specify dominant side)		

#### XIV) Attention

(Auditory Attention, Tactual Attention, Alternating Attention) -

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Auditory Attention Able to perform calculations of auditory information			
	Able to recover after making a mistake		
	Able to discern target stimuli from distractors		
Alternating Attention	Alternating Attention Able to alternate tasks		
	Able to attend to multiple sources of information		

#### **XV) Executive Functions**

(Reasoning, Self-Monitoring, Categorizing, Planning, Strategizing)-

#### **20 Questions Test**

Domain	Metric	Score	Strength/Weakness
Reasoning Errors	Abstract constraint		
(Percent of Total Questions)	Pseudo-abstract		
	Concrete hypothesis scanning		
Types of Reasoning Questions	Constraint question		
(and type of problem suggested)	Previously negated question (working memory or categorization)		
	Pseudo-constraint (monitoring, problem-solving, strategizing)		
	Concrete question		
Overall Reasoning	Number of Questions to Answer (<12 is average)		



Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Reasoning	Can identify an object within 20 questions		
Self-monitoring	Does not repeat information		
Conventional Reasoning	Can identify what is expected in social situations		

### **XVI) Achievement**

(Reading, Spelling, Writing, Math)-

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Reading	Able to read		
	Eyes don't get excessively sore when reading		
	Able to comprehend read information		
Spelling	Able to spell at grade-level		
	No indication of dyslexia		
	Able to phonetically decode		
Writing	Able to type		
	Grade-level abilities in grammar		
Mathematics	Performs math related to skills of daily living		
	Can perform business math		

#### XVII) Abstract Reasoning-

Type of Behavior	Behavior	Present	Not Present
Abstract Reasoning	Comprehends proverbs		
	Recognizes similarities between objects		
	Can identify analogies		

# XIX) Personality and Pathology-

Personality Domain	Behavior	Present	Specifier
Depression/Anxiety	Depression		
	Anxiety		
Personality	Personality Disorder		
Behavioral	ADHD		
	Behavioral Disorder		
Learning Disability	LD/ED		

XX) Vocational Abilities/Interests-



Vocational Domain	Behavior	Rating (1-10)	Notes
Abilities	Tactual Description		
	Mobility/Discrimination Skills		
	Spatial Organization/Memory		
	Assembly/Packaging		
	Auditory Perception		

#### XXI) Rehabilitation/Recommendations (General):

# A) Visual Recommendations: 1) Goal: Objective: Plan: 2) Goal: Objective: Plan:

### B) Occupational Therapy/Physical Therapy Recommendations:

 1) Goal:
Objective:
Plan:
2) Goal:
Objective:
Plan:

#### C) Cognitive/Academic Recommendations:

11) Goal:	
Objective:	
Plan:	
2) Goal:	
Objective:	
Plan:	

#### D) Therapeutic/Emotional Recommendations:

1) Goal:			
Objective:			
Plan:			
2) Goal:			
Objective:			
Plan:			

